

Freedom of Information Act 2000 disclosure log entry

Reference

21-22116

Date sent

23/07/21

Subject

Travel expenses policy

Details of enquiry

I require a policy please this is on patient travel cost reimbursement or any other travel policy around patient travel cost reimbursement all versions since 2017 to the date of this email.

Response sent

Your request for information, as detailed in your email below, has been handled under the Freedom of Information Act 2000. Please find attached the Trusts one patient fare reimbursement procedure that we hold from 2017 to present.



Patient Fare Reimbursement Procedure

Version:	2.3	
Bodies consulted:	na	
Approved by:	PASC	
Date Approved:	12.5.16	
Lead Manager:	General Office Manager	
Lead Director:	Deputy Chief Executive	
Date issued:	May 16	
Review date:	Apr 21	



Contents

1	Introduction	3
	Purpose	
	Scope	
	Definitions	
	Duties and responsibilities	
	Procedures	
	Training Requirements	
	Process for monitoring compliance with this Procedure	
	References	
	Associated documents	
	pendix A : Equality Impact Assessment	

Patient Fare Reimbursement Procedure

1 Introduction

This procedure sets out how staff administer reimbursements on patient fares.

2 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to comply with statutory regulations.

3 Scope

There are two types of entitlement:

- **3.1 Automatic** if you are a patient receiving one of the following benefits:
 - Income Support
 - Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance
 - Income-related Employment and Support Allowance
 - Pension Credit Guarantee Credit
 - NHS tax credit exemption certificate
 - Certificate HC2 or HC3

3.2 Low Income -

Patients should apply to the Health Benefits Unit on FORM HC1; forms are available from the Ground Floor General Office or Main Reception. Patients cannot claim a fares refund until they have been issued with the certificate by the Departmental Receptionist. However, they can recover the cost of travel for up to three months prior to receipt of their certificate.

4 Definitions

_

5 Duties and responsibilities

5.1 Finance Department

The Finance Department, upon request, provide the cashier in the General Office with a cheque to cover any travel cost refund requests.

5.2 General Office Manager

The General Office Manager is responsible for ensuring that any staff administering fares to patients are fully aware of, and follow, the procedure to assess eligibility.

5.3 Clinic Reception Staff

Clinic Reception Staff are responsible for issuing travel cost refund forms and completing part one of the form.

5.4 General Office Staff

General Office staff are responsible for checking the travel cost refund form and signing and dating the form to acknowledge this. General Office staff will then refund the cost of the journey to and from the Trust. A record will be maintained on the petty cash transaction sheet by the cashier in the General Office, showing the date and the amount and that it was for patient travel.

The cashier in the General Office is also responsible for changing the cheque provided by the Finance Department into petty cash at a local bank.

6 Procedure

6.1 Travel cost refund forms are issued by clinic reception staff; staff will complete part one, patients complete part two; and the cashier in the General Office will complete part three only after each appointment has been attended.

Part one of the form is filled in by the receptionist or clinical secretary detailing:

- which appointment it is
- appointment date and time

- patient's name
- authorised escort's name
- which department is involved
- receptionist's signature

Part two of the form is filled in by the patient detailing:

- journey details
- mode of transport
- cost of return journey
- patient's declaration of benefits
- patient's signature

Part three of the form is completed by General Office staff. They will check the travel cost refund form and, if it is completed correctly and you have a valid receipt for your travel, they will sign and date the form to acknowledge this. You will then be refunded the cost of your journey to and from the Trust. A record will be maintained by the petty cash holder on the petty cash transaction sheet, showing the date and the amount and that it was for patient travel.

6.2 Patients are to be advised:

- On your first visit, and every three months thereafter, you will be asked to show proof of your entitlement to fare reimbursement.
- We can only refund the cost of travel by public transport, unless there is a clinical reason why you cannot travel by public transport, in which case you may apply to travel by taxi. You will need to get authorisation from the patients GP., and will only be paid at 17p per mile from home to the Trust before you travel. The same rule applies if you require an escort for clinical reasons.
- If you travel to the Trust by car you will be paid at a rate of 17p per mile. However any fee for cars parked at metered bays will not be refunded.
- Further information is available from the General office or main reception staff and the leaflet *Help With Health Costs* (HC11) is available on the ground floor in the patient waiting area.

7 Training Requirements

Any training will be provided on the job and at induction.

8 Process for monitoring compliance with this Procedure

The procedure will be subject to periodic audit by the internal auditors.

9 References

The DH Healthcare Travel Costs Scheme

10 Associated documents¹

The HELP WITH HEALTH COSTS (HC11) form details the necessary documentation a patient would need to produce.

_

¹ For the current version of Trust procedures, please refer to the Trust website.

Appendix A : Equality Impact Assessment

Completed by	Jonathan McKee		
Position	Governance Manager		
Date	12.5.16		

The following questions determine whether analysis is needed	Yes	No
Does the policy affect service users, employees or the wider	Х	
community? The relevance of a policy to equality depends not		
just on the number of those affected but on the significance of		
the effect on them.		
Is it likely to affect people with particular protected	Х	
characteristics differently?		
Is it a major policy, significantly affecting how Trust services are		Х
delivered?		
Will the policy have a significant effect on how partner		Х
organisations operate in terms of equality?		
Does the policy relate to functions that have been identified		Х
through engagement as being important to people with		
particular protected characteristics?		
Does the policy relate to an area with known inequalities?		Х
Does the policy relate to any equality objectives that have been		Х
set by the Trust?		
Other?		Х

If the answer to *all* of these questions was no, then the assessment is complete.

If the answer to *any* of the questions was yes, then undertake the following analysis:

	Yes	No	Comment
Do policy outcomes and		Х	
service take-up differ			
between people with			
different protected			
characteristics?			
What are the key findings			Na

of any engagement you			
have undertaken?			
If there is a greater effect		Х	
on one group, is that			
consistent with the policy			
aims?			
If the policy has negative			Na
effects on people sharing			
particular characteristics,			
what steps can be taken			
to mitigate these effects?			
Will the policy deliver	Х		Disabled people are more likely to
practical benefits for			benefit
certain groups?			
Does the policy miss		Х	
opportunities to advance			
equality of opportunity			
and foster good relations?			
Do other policies need to		Х	
change to enable this			
policy to be effective?			
Additional comments			,

If one or more answers are yes, then the policy may unlawful under the Equality Act 2010 —seek advice from Human Resources (for staff related policies) or the Trust's Equalities Lead (for all other policies).